

Recall: \mathfrak{sl}_2 is 2×2 matrices w/ trace = 0

↳ Lie algebra under usual commutator

↳ generators are:

$$H = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X_+ = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X_- = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

↳ relations are:

$$\begin{aligned} [H, X_+] &= \cancel{H}X_+ - X_+\cancel{H} \\ &= \cancel{2X_+} 2X_+ \end{aligned}$$

$$[H, X_-] = 2X_-$$

$$[X_+, X_-] = H$$

Recall: $U(\mathfrak{sl}_2) =$ universal enveloping algebra of \mathfrak{sl}_2
 $=$ freely generated by H, X_+, X_-
 modulo

$$HX_+ - X_+H = 2X_+$$

$$HX_- - X_-H = 2X_-$$

$$X_+X_- - X_-X_+ = H$$

Hopf algebra w/

$$\begin{cases} \Delta(X_+) = X_+ \otimes 1 + 1 \otimes X_+ \\ \Delta(X_-) = X_- \otimes 1 + 1 \otimes X_- \\ \Delta(H) = H \otimes 1 + 1 \otimes H \end{cases}$$

$$\eta(X_+) = \eta(X_-) = \eta(H) = 0$$

$$\begin{cases} S(X_+) = -X_+ \\ S(X_-) = -X_- \end{cases}$$

non commutative
 but
 co-commutative
 Hopf algebra

$$\underline{U_q(\mathfrak{sl}_2)} \quad (q \in \mathbb{C}^*)$$

As an algebra $U_q(\mathfrak{sl}_2)$ is freely generated by E, F, q, q^{-1} modulo some relations

$$U_q(\mathfrak{sl}_2) = \mathbb{C}\langle E, F, q, q^{-1} \rangle / \sim$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} qEg^{-1} \sim q^2 E \\ qFg^{-1} \sim q^{-2} F \\ [E, F] \sim \frac{q - q^{-1}}{q - q^{-1}} \end{array} \right. \quad (q \neq \pm 1)$$

Hopf algebra w/

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \Delta(E) = E \otimes q + 1 \otimes E \\ \Delta(F) = F \otimes 1 + q^{-1} \otimes F \\ \Delta(q) = q \otimes q \end{array} \right.$$

$$\eta(q) = 1 \quad \text{and} \quad \eta(E) = \eta(F) = 0$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} S(E) = -Eq^{-1} \\ S(F) = -qF \\ S(q) = q^{-1} \end{array} \right.$$

Relationship to $U(\mathfrak{sl}_2)$:

$$\left(\begin{array}{l} \text{Intermediate notation: } U_{q^n}(\mathfrak{sl}_2) = \frac{U_q(\mathfrak{sl}_2)}{\sim} \\ \left\{ \begin{array}{l} q^n \sim 1 \\ E^n \sim 0 \\ F^n \sim 0 \end{array} \right. \quad \text{w/ } q^n = 1 \end{array} \right)$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{l} q = e^h \\ g = q^H = e^{hH} = I + hH + \frac{h^2 H^2}{2!} + \frac{h^3 H^3}{3!} + \dots \end{array} \right]$$

Fact # Finite dimensional ^{irred} representations of $\mathfrak{sl}_2(\mathbb{C})$ are indexed by natural #'s.
 The n^{th} one is

$$H \longleftrightarrow \begin{bmatrix} n-1 & & & & 0 \\ & \ddots & & & \\ & & 3 & & \\ & & & 1 & \\ 0 & & & & -1 \\ & & & & & \ddots & \\ & & & & & & -n+1 \\ & & & & & & & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (n \text{ even})$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} n-1 & & & & 0 \\ & \ddots & & & \\ & & 2 & & \\ & & & 0 & \\ 0 & & & & -2 \\ & & & & & \ddots & \\ & & & & & & -n+1 \\ & & & & & & & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (n \text{ odd})$$

$$X_+ \longleftrightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & & & 0 \\ & & 2 & & \\ & & & \ddots & \\ & & & & n-1 \\ 0 & & & & & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X_- \longleftrightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 0 & & & & 0 \\ n-1 & & & & \\ & \ddots & & & \\ 0 & & 2 & & \\ & & & 1 & \\ & & & & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Note: $(X_+)^n = (X_-)^n = 0$

$U_{q,n}(\mathfrak{sl}_2) \sim$ irred rep'n indexed by n .

in this rep'n: $g = q^H = \begin{bmatrix} q^{n-1} & & & 0 \\ & q^{n-3} & & \\ & & \ddots & \\ 0 & & & q^{-n+1} \end{bmatrix}$

$(E)^n = 0$ $E = X_+ q^{H/2} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & q^{n/2} & & & 0 \\ & & 2q^{n-5/2} & & \\ & & & \ddots & \\ 0 & & & & (n+1)q^{-n/2} \\ & & & & & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

$(F)^n = 0$ $F = q^{-H/2} X_- = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & & & & 0 \\ (n-1)q^{n/2} & & & & \\ & \ddots & & & \\ & & 2 & & \\ & & & 1 & \\ & & & & 0 \end{bmatrix}$